1 2 3 4 5 6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA 8 THE LINKS AT NORTHSHORE CONDOMINIUM OWNERS' ASSOCIATION, a NO. Washington non-profit corporation, 10 COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY Plaintiff, RELIEF, BREACH OF CONTRACT, BAD 1111 v. FAITH, CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 12 VIOLATIONS, INSURANCE FAIR EAGLE WEST INSURANCE COMPANY, a CONDUCT ACT VIOLATIONS, AND California company; and DOE INSURANCE 13 **DAMAGES** COMPANIES 1-10, 14 **JURY DEMAND** Defendants. 15 Plaintiff The Links at Northshore Condominium Owners' Association ("the Association") 16 alleges as follows: 17 I. INTRODUCTION 18 This is an action for declaratory judgment, breach of contract, bad faith, and Consumer 1.1 19 Protection Act ("CPA") violations, Insurance Fair Conduct Act ("IFCA") violations, and money 20 damages seeking: 21 A declaration of the rights, duties and liabilities of the parties with respect to certain (A) 22 controverted issues under Defendant Eagle West Insurance Company ("EWIC") insurance policies 23 issued to the Association. The Association is seeking a ruling that EWIC's policies provide coverage for repairing the hidden damage at the Links at Northshore Condominium complex and 25 26 27 STEIN, SUDWEEKS & STEIN, PLLC COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF, 2701 FIRST AVE., SUITE 430

BREACH OF CONTRACT, BAD FAITH, CPA VIOLATIONS, IFCA VIOLATIONS, AND DAMAGES - 1

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1 that EWIC is liable for money damages for the cost of investigating and repairing hidden damage at 2 the Links at Northshore Condominium complex. 3 (B) Damages for breach of contract, bad faith, and violations of the CPA and of the 4 IFCA. 5 (C) Attorneys' fees (including expert witness fees) and costs. (D) Any other relief the Court deems just and equitable. 6 7 II. PARTIES AND INSURANCE CONTRACTS 8 2.1 The Association. The Association is a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of the 9 state of Washington with its principal place of business located in Pierce County, Washington. The Association has the duty to maintain the common elements and any limited common elements of the Links at Northshore Condominium complex located at 4714 Fairwood Blvd., Tacoma, WA 98422. The Association consists of 17 three-story buildings comprising 66 residential units. 13 2.2 EWIC. Eagle West Insurance Company ("EWIC") is a California domiciled insurer with its principal place of business in Monterey, California. EWIC sold property insurance policies to the Association including but not limited to Policy No. 25-BOP-2-1904988 in effect from at least 15 March 9, 2016 to March 9, 2020. The EWIC policies identify the Links at Northshore Condominium complex as covered property. 17 18 2.3 Doe Insurance Companies 1-10. Doe Insurance Companies 1-10 are currently unidentified entities who, on information and belief, sold insurance policies to the Association that identify the Links at Northshore Condominium complex as covered property. 2.4 Links at Northshore Insurers. EWIC and Doe Insurance Companies 1-10 shall be 21 collectively referred to as the "Links at Northshore Insurers." 23 2.4 <u>Links at Northshore Policies</u>. The policies issued to the Association by the Links at Northshore Insurers shall be collectively referred to as the "Links at Northshore Policies." 25 III. **JURISDICTION AND VENUE** 26 27 COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF,

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denial of coverage. On April 9, 2021, EWIC responded to the Association's IFCA notice informing the Association it would not cure its unreasonable denial.

V. FIRST CLAIM AGAINST THE LINKS AT NORTHSHORE INSURERS FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF THAT THE LINKS AT NORTHSHORE POLICIES PROVIDE COVERAGE

- 5.1 <u>Incorporation by Reference</u>. The Association re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1.1 through 4.7, above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 5.2 <u>Declaratory Relief</u>. An actual, present and justiciable controversy has arisen between the Association and the Links at Northshore Insurers regarding the interpretation of their policies. The Association seeks declaratory relief from the Court in the form of determinations regarding the following disputed issues:
- (A) The Links at Northshore Policies cover the hidden damage to exterior building components including but not limited to exterior sheathing and framing at the Links at Northshore Condominiums.
- (B) No exclusions, conditions, or limitations bar coverage under the Links at Northshore Policies.
- (C) The loss or damage to the Links at Northshore Condominium complex was incremental and progressive. New damage commenced during each year of the Links at Northshore Policies.
- (D) As a result, the Links at Northshore Policies cover the cost of investigating and repairing the hidden damage to exterior building components including but not limited to exterior sheathing, and framing at the Links at Northshore Condominium complex.

VI. SECOND CLAIM AGAINST EWIC FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT

6.1 <u>Incorporation.</u> The Association re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1.1 through 5.2, above, as if fully set forth herein.

- 6.2 EWIC has contractual duties under the terms of its policy and/or policies to pay the cost of investigating and repairing the covered damage to the Links at Northshore Condominium complex.
- 6.3 EWIC breached its contractual duties by wrongfully denying coverage on December 1, 2020, and by failing to pay the cost of repairing the covered damage to the Links at Northshore Condominium complex.
- 6.4 As a direct and proximate result of EWIC's breach of its contractual duties the Association has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 6.5 Additional Damages. As a direct and proximate result of EWIC's breach of its contractual duties, the Association has been forced to incur attorneys' fees, expert costs, investigation costs and other expenses in order to prosecute this action, the sole purpose of which is to obtain the benefits of the Association's insurance contracts.

VII. THIRD CLAIM AGAINST EWIC FOR INSURANCE BAD FAITH

- 7.1 Incorporation by Reference. The Association re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1.1 through 6.5, above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 7.2 The business of insurance is one affected by the public interest, requiring that all persons be actuated by good faith, abstain from deception, and practice honesty and equity in all insurance matters. RCW 48.01.030. An insurer has a duty to act in good faith. This duty requires an insurer to deal fairly with its insured. The insurer must give equal consideration to its insured's interests and its own interests, and must not engage in any action that demonstrates a greater concern for its own financial interests than its insured's financial risk. An insurer who does not deal fairly with its insured, or who does not give equal consideration to its insured's interests, fails to act in good faith.
- 7.3 The duty of good faith requires an insurer to conduct a reasonable investigation before refusing to pay a claim submitted by its insured. An insurer must also have a reasonable justification before refusing to pay a claim. An insurer who refuses to pay a claim, without

conducting a reasonable investigation or without having a reasonable justification, fails to act in good faith.

- EWIC had a duty to investigate, evaluate, and decide the Association's claim in good faith. EWIC breached its duty by unreasonably investigating, evaluating, and/or denying the claim by, among other things: (1) failing to acknowledge that weather conditions such as rain or wind-driven rain were one of the causes of the hidden damage at the Links at Northshore Condominium complex; (2) failing to acknowledge that weather conditions such as rain and wind-driven rain are covered causes of loss under its policy(s); (3) failing to acknowledge that there is coverage under its policy(s) when damage results from a concurrent combination of rain and bad construction or wear and tear; (4) failing to acknowledge that there is coverage under the resulting loss clause in its policy(s); and (5) failing to define terms in the EWIC policy pursuant to the plain meaning of the terms.
- 7.5 A violation, if any, of one or more of the Washington claim handling standards set forth below is a breach of the duty of good faith, an unfair method of competition, an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance, and a breach of the insurance contract. EWIC's conduct violated Washington claim handling standards:
 - Which require it to fully disclose all pertinent coverages.
 - Which prohibit misrepresentations regarding relevant facts (e.g. the cause of damages) or coverage.
 - Which prohibit the practice of refusing to pay claims without conducting a reasonable investigation.
 - Which require EWIC to provide a reasonable explanation of the relevant facts, law and policy language.
 - Which require EWIC to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt investigation of claims.

7.6 EWIC's actions and omissions, including but not limited to its denial of coverage and failure to acknowledge pertinent coverage under its policy, are unreasonable, unfounded, and frivolous under the circumstances and constitute a breach of EWIC's duty of good faith. As a direct and proximate result of the breaches, the Association has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial.

VIII. FOURTH CLAIM AGAINST EWIC FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

- 8.1 The Association re-alleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1.1 through 7.6, above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 8.2 Violations of WAC claims handling standards are per se CPA violations. On information and belief, the conduct of EWIC was deceptive, impacted the public, and had the capacity to deceive. The Association is a consumer. As a direct and proximate result of EWIC's violations, the Association has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial. The Association is entitled to damages, CPA penalties of up to \$25,000 per violation, and attorneys' fees under the CPA.

IX. FIFTH CLAIM AGAINST EWIC FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE INSURANCE FAIR CONDUCT ACT

- 9.1 <u>Incorporation by Reference</u>. The Association re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1.1 through 8.2, above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 9.2 The Association is a first party claimant asserting a right to payment as a covered person under an insurance policy or insurance contract arising out of the occurrence of a contingency or loss covered by such a policy. The Association provided written notice pursuant to RCW 48.30.015(8) to EWIC and the Insurance Commissioner's Office of its IFCA cause of action and explained in detail why EWIC's coverage denial was unreasonable. EWIC failed to resolve the basis for the Association's IFCA claim within twenty (20) days of the Association's notice and sent the Association an IFCA response letter stating it would not cure its unreasonable denial.

1	9.3 The Association has been injured by EWIC's failure to cure the basis for the Association's
2	IFCA claim. The Association is entitled to attorneys' fees and a discretionary award of enhanced
3	damages that "increases the total award of damage to an amount not to exceed three times the actual
4	damages."
5	V DDAVED FOR DELIFE
6	X. PRAYER FOR RELIEF
7	WHEREFORE, the Association prays for judgment as follows:
8	10.1 <u>Declaratory Judgment Regarding Coverage</u> . A declaratory judgment that the Links at
9	Northshore Policies provide coverage as described herein.
10	10.2 <u>Money Damages</u> . For money damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
11	10.3 <u>Attorneys' Fees and Costs of Suit</u> . For reasonable attorneys' fees (including expert fees).
12	See Olympic Steamship Co. v. Centennial Ins. Co., 117 Wn.2d 37, 811 P.2d 673 (1991), and RCW
13	48.30.015.
14	10.4 <u>CPA Penalties</u> . For CPA penalties against EWIC of up to \$25,000 per violation.
15	10.5 <u>Enhanced IFCA Damages.</u> For a discretionary award of enhanced IFCA damages against
16	EWIC that "increase the total award of damages to an amount not to exceed three times the actual
17	damage."
18	10.6 Other Relief. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.
19	XI. DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
20	11.1 Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Association demands trial
21	by jury in this action of all issues so triable.
22	DATED this 20th day of May, 2021.
23	STEIN, SUDWEEKS & STEIN, PLLC
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	<u>/s/ Jerry H. Stein</u> Jerry H. Stein, WSBA #27721
25	/s/ Justin D. Sudweeks Justin D. Sudweeks, WSBA #28755
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27	COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF. STEIN, SUDWEEKS & STEIN, PLLC

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